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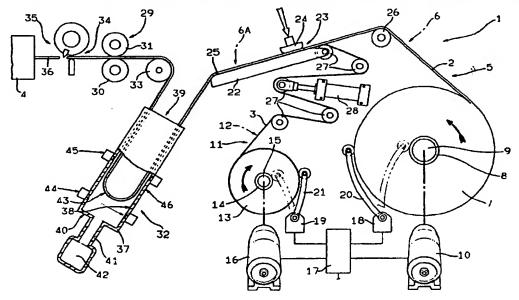
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(54) Method and device for feeding wrapping material and a tear strip to a wrapping machine

(57) A method and device for feeding wrapping material and a tear strip to a user machine, whereby a strip of wrapping material (2) and a tear strip (3) are fed continuously along respective paths (6, 12) to a joining station (23) where they are joined integral with each

other to form a wrapping strip (25) complete with a tear strip; a compensating store (32) for compensating the wrapping strip (25) being located between the joining station (23) and a cutting station (34) at which the wrapping strip (25) is cut into a succession of portions (36).



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The present invention relates to a method of feeding wrapping material and a tear strip to a user machine.

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The present invention is particularly advantageous on machines for overwrapping packets or cartons of cigarettes, to which application the following description refers purely by way of example.

On known normally intermittent overwrapping machines, the wrapping material is generally fed continuously through a compensating store, which compensates for any cyclic difference in the supply and utilization speed of the wrapping material by varying the length of the path along which it is fed, and by imparting to the wrapping material a substantially constant tension.

Downstream from the compensating store, the wrapping material is joined to a tear strip to form a wrapping strip, which is fed to a cutting station where it is cut into portions, each forming an overwrapping for a packet or carton of cigarettes.

On overwrapping machines of the above type, the wrapping material of each portion, when cut off, has been found to pucker along the edges of the portion adhering to the tear strip, thus making it practically unusable.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a method of feeding wrapping material and a tear strip to a user machine, designed to overcome the aforementioned drawback.

According to the present invention, there is provided a method of feeding wrapping material and a tear strip to a user machine, the method comprising the steps of feeding the wrapping material along a given path; imparting a given tension to the wrapping material along a portion of said path; and joining a tear strip to the wrapping material at a joining station, so as to form, at the joining station, a wrapping strip complete with a tear strip; characterized in that the tear strip is joined to the wrapping material upstream from said path portion.

The present invention also relates to a device for feeding wrapping material and a tear strip to a user machine.

According to the present invention, there is provided a device for feeding wrapping material and a tear strip to a user machine, the device comprising traction means for feeding a strip of wrapping material along a first given path; supply means for feeding a tear strip along a second path comprising a portion coinciding with a portion of the first path; a joining station located at the input of said portion of the first path, to form a wrapping strip complete with a tear strip and traveling along said path portion towards said traction means; and counteracting means located along said first path, upstream from said traction means, for imparting a given tension to the strip of wrapping material extending, in use, between the counteracting means and the traction means; characterized in that said counteracting means are located along said portion of the first path.

The present invention will be described with reference to the accompanying drawing, which shows a partially sectioned, schematic side view, with parts removed for clarity, of a preferred, non-limiting embodiment.

Number 1 in the accompanying drawing indicates a device for continuously feeding a strip of wrapping material 2 and a tear strip 3 to an overwrapping machine 4.

Device 1 comprises a first line 5 for feeding material 2 to machine 4 along a path 6, material 2 being unwound off a reel 7 presenting a core 8 mounted on a shaft 9 rotated anticlockwise (in the drawing) about its axis by a motor 10; and a second line 11 for feeding tear strip 3 along a path 12 and off a reel 13 presenting a core 14 mounted on a shaft 15 rotated clockwise (in the drawing) about its axis by a motor 16. A control unit 17 provides for feedback controlling motors 10 and 16 to maintain the same surface speeds of reels 7 and 13, the diameters of which are constantly controlled by respective known position transducers 18 and 19 on the basis of measurements made by respective known feeler elements 20 and 21.

Path 12 of tear strip 3 converges with path 6 on a conveyor plate 22 at a joining station 23 where a pressure pad 24, moved to and from an operating position contacting plate 22 by a known actuating device (not shown), joins tear strip 3 integral with material 2 on plate 22 to form a wrapping strip 25 complete with a tear strip. More specifically, downstream from station 23, path 6 presents a portion 6a in common with path 12, whereas, upstream from station 23, path 6 extends about a guide roller 26, and path 12 about a series of diverting rollers 27, one of which is a compensating roller connected to an actuator 28 for moving the compensating roller transversely and so varying the length of path 12 for the reasons explained later on.

Device 1 also comprises a traction assembly 29, in turn comprising a powered unwinding roller 30 and a pressure roller 31 rotating in opposite directions and which provide for feeding strip 25 along path portion 6a through a compensating store 32 and about a diverting roller 33 to a cutting station 34 where it is cut in known manner into a succession of portions 36 by a known cutting unit 35 comprising a movable blade and a fixed counterblade.

As shown in the accompanying drawing, station 23 is located at the input end of portion 6a, assembly 29 is located immediately upstream from station 34 and substantially at the output end of portion 6a, and compensating store 32 is located along portion 6a and upstream from assembly 29 and roller 33.

Store 32 provides for compensating any cyclic difference in the supply and utilization speeds imparted to strip 25 by motors 10, 16 and traction assembly 29 respectively, and for imparting to strip 25 a given, substantially constant tension. For which purpose, store 32 comprises a cup-shaped container 37 defining an inner chamber 38, one end of which communicates externally via an opening 39, and the opposite end of which is closed by a bottom wall 40 fitted through with a conduit 10

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41. Conduit 41 communicates with a known suction source 42 for generating a vacuum inside chamber 38 and drawing in a portion of strip 25 to form, inside chamber 38 and through opening 39, a loop 43, the length of which varies with time and is controlled by two optical sensors 44, 45 fitted to the lateral wall 46 of container 37 and which provide, in known manner, for controlling motors 10 and 16 so that the length of loop 43 is maintained within a given range. The substantially constant vacuum inside chamber 38 also provides for imparting a substantially constant given tension to the portion of strip 25 extending along portion 6a, and more specifically, to the portion of strip 25 extending between chamber 38 and assembly 29.

Consequently, material 2 and tear strip 3 are fed to joining station 23 at speeds maintained substantially equal by control unit 17; actuator 28 and the compensating roller provide for varying the length of path 12 to compensate for any minor differences in the above two speeds, with substantially no tension being applied to tear strip 3; and material 2 and tear strip 3 are pushed (as opposed to drawn) by motors 10 and 16 to station 23. Since, upstream from station 23, material 2 and tear strip 3 present substantially no tension and no difference in speed, strip 25 downstream from station 23 presents no difference in tension between material 2 and tear strip 3, both of which are subjected to the same tension by store 32. The situation at station 23 is again repeated in each portion 36, in which the tension imparted to strip 25 by store 32 is obviously eliminated.

In other words, portions 36 also present no difference in tension between material 2 and tear strip 3, thus eliminating any possibility of material 2 puckering in the region contacting tear strip 3.

Claims

- 1. A method of feeding wrapping material (2) and a tear strip (3) to a user machine (4), the method comprising the steps of feeding the wrapping material (2) along a given path (6); imparting a given tension to the wrapping material (2) along a portion (6a) of said path (6); and joining a tear strip (3) to the wrapping material (2) at a joining station (23), so as to form, at the joining station (23), a wrapping strip (25) complete with a tear strip; characterized in that the tear strip (3) is joined to the wrapping material (2) upstream from said path portion.
- A method as claimed in Claim 1, characterized in 50 that said path portion (6a) extends upstream from a cutting station (34) at which said wrapping strip (25) is cut into portions (36).
- A method as claimed in Claim 1 or 2, characterized in that said tension is applied by drawing said wrapping strip (25) by suction into a compensating vacuum chamber (38).

- 4. A device for feeding wrapping material (2) and a tear strip (3) to a user machine (4), the device comprising traction means (29) for feeding a strip of wrapping material (2) along a first given path (6); supply means (11) for feeding a tear strip (3) along a second path (12) comprising a portion coinciding with a portion (6a) of the first path (6); a joining station (23) located at the input of said portion (6a) of the first path (6), to form a wrapping strip (25) complete with a tear strip and traveling along said path portion (6a) towards said traction means (29); and counteracting means (32) located along said first path (6), upstream from said traction means (29), for imparting a given tension to the strip of wrapping material. (2) extending, in use, between the counteracting means (32) and the traction means (29); characterized in that said counteracting means (32) are located along said portion (6a) of the first path (6).
- 20 5. A device as claimed in Claim 4, characterized in that said counteracting means (32) comprise a compensating store (32).
 - A device as claimed in Claim 5, characterized in that said compensating store (32) defines a vacuum chamber (38) for forming a loop (43) of variable length along said wrapping strip (25).

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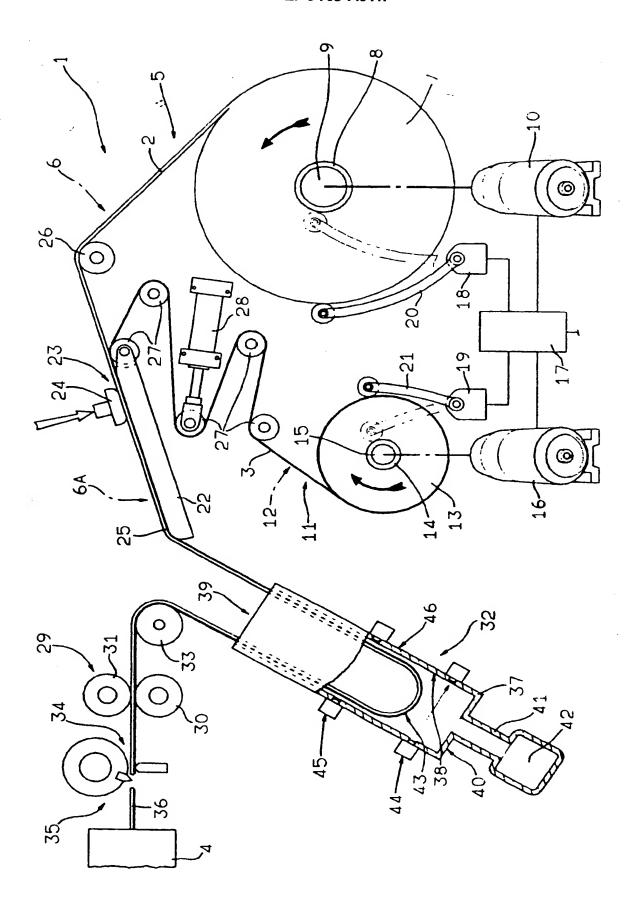
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7. A device as claimed in one of the foregoing Claims from 4 to 7, characterized in that said joining station (23) comprises a plate (22) and pressure means (24) located on either side of said path portion (6a); said pressure means (24) being movable to and from a position wherein they contact and exert pressure on said plate (22).



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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 95 11 3774

| Category | Citation of document with in of relevant page | dication, where appropriate, | Relevant to claim | CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.CL6) |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| X | EP-A-0 248 225 (MAS SCHMERMUND) 9 Decem * page 2, line 25 - 1 * | | 1,2,4 | B65B61/18 B31B1/90 |
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| | The present search report has be | en drawn up for all claims | | |
| Place of search Date of completion of the search | | Examiner | | |
| X : parti Y : parti | THE HAGUE CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMEN Cularly relevant if taken alone cularly relevant if combined with anot ment of the same category | E: earlier patent doct after the filing dat | underlying the iment, but public te the application | |

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